

# We Can Do It

The screenshot shows the EssayPro website homepage. At the top left is the EssayPro logo and navigation links: "How To Order", "Reviews", "About Us", and "Write My Essay". At the top right are links for "DBA: EPRO", "Log In", and "Sign Up". The main banner features a student sleeping at a desk with the text: "WRITING SERVICE AT YOUR CONVENIENCE", "You - Send us your homework", "We - Do it all for you", and "Grab your original paper for just \$10 per page with a free plagiarism report included". A "Write My Essay!" button is present. A "Calculate the price" widget is overlaid on the right, showing options for "Writing", "Rewriting", and "Editing", with "Writing" selected. It also shows "Essay (any type)", "College", "2 weeks", "1 page / 275 words", "Double spaces" selected, and a price of "\$11.4" with a "Write My Paper" button. Below the banner, there are three rating sections: "EssayPro Reviews" with a 4.9 rating, "ResellerRatings" with a 4.9 rating, and "Sitejabber" with a 4.8 rating.

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Gender roles were the underlying causes of the Woman Rights Movement. These implied that women belonged in houses and only men could work and provide for the family. Ancient Societies believed that woman should manage households, cook, clean, and look after children (Giele 384). Women were “incapable” of performing men’s tasks. This division soon led to negative stereotypes and became a matter of tradition (Giele 383). Some people could not be confined to this narrow way of thinking and possessed different beliefs.

Over time women worked determinedly to gain freedom and transform peoples’ beliefs. Progress was slow and only few steps were taken. The Middle Ages granted women opportunities that had not presented themselves before; females were allowed to become nuns, artisans, or merchants. Women’s horizons broadened more during the Period of Enlightenment; females were now able to become innkeepers, and owners. Yet most still knitted and sewed to contribute to household income (Giele 384). Women during the Civil War also impressed the public. They created uniforms for the soldiers and took the man’s role in the house by managing farms. Soon society saw past their clouded view. Women became more aware of their limited role in society, and decided to change it. The Women’s Movements took two turns, social and feminist. The social group worked to improve women’s rights in households, whereas the feminist groups worked towards

rights to participate in government. Two groups formed in 1869 with very different leadership. [Susan B. Anthony](#) and Elizabeth Cady Stanton formed the National Women Suffrage Association (NWSA); they wanted suffrage (the right to vote) and change immediately. Their approach was more direct and they wouldn't back...

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...ce work and family the women tend to have the most responsibility. Gender stereotyping still occurs today and this also leads to the pay gap (Brinton). Our problems have joined together, and only all of us can stop it from growing larger.

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