

# Emancipation Proclamation by Abraham Lincoln

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"I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, by the power in me invested as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States in time of actual armed rebellion against the authority and government of the United States, and as fit and necessary war measure for suppressing said rebellion, do, on this 1st of January, A.D. 1863" (Lincoln). The Anti-[Slavery](#) Movement began in the 1830's and came to an end around the 1870's. The leaders of the Anti-Slavery Movement that helped the slaves get freedom were [Abraham Lincoln](#) who wrote the "[Emancipation Proclamation](#)"; William Lloyd Garrison was editor of an abolitionist newspaper and got people involved in what was happening to slaves; Frederick Douglass was an escaped slave who became an important leader; Harriet Tubman she led slaves escape from slave owners; and William Lloyd Still was a conductor of an underground railroad. The purpose of the Anti-Slavery Movement was to give freedom to all slaves. The title of the speech is "Emancipation Proclamation" and was written by Abraham Lincoln on the 22nd of September 1862, and took effect January 1st, at the White House in Washington, DC. Lincoln wanted equal rights and freedom for all slaves. In President Abraham Lincoln's "Emancipation Proclamation" speech, he motivated his intended audience during this Anti-Slavery Movement by using the rhetorical devices of rhetorical questioning and pathos.

In Lincoln's speech, he had promised to free all slaves and stop all discrimination, saying that all should be treated equal and have the same rules; and no one should be treated different because of their skin color. This piece of literature is a part of the anti-slavery movement. It is Lincoln's speech where he talks about how s...

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