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## Driving test illinois

For January 2025, this set of Illinois DMV practise tests has been updated. It includes questions based on the most important traffic signs and rules for 2025 from the Illinois Driver Handbook. To study for the DMV driving permit test and.. Read More For January 2025, this set of Illinois DMV practise tests has been updated. It includes questions based on the most important traffic signs and rules for 2025 from the Illinois Driver Handbook. To study for the DMV driving permit test and driver's licence exam, use actual questions that are very similar (often identical) to the DMV driving permit test and driver's licence exam. Each question on the practise exam has a tip and explanation to help you recall the ideas. Questions about traffic rules, traffic signs, and driving statutes, as well as information from the Driver Handbook, will be included in the written portion of the official DMV test. You must properly answer 38 of the 35 questions to receive a passing mark. To help you prepare for your Illinois instruction permit or driver's licence, take our DMV practise test. The DMV exam is offered in a variety of languages. Using any form of testing help will result in an automatic fail, and the DMV may take further action against your driver's licence, so avoid it. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 Grade This Section Go to next section To obtain a driver's license in Illinois, you'll need proof of identity, residency, and signature. This could include a passport, social security card, and utility bills. You must also pass written, vision, and road tests. For those under 18, a parent or guardian's consent is required along with proof of school enrollment or graduation. In Illinois, the cost of acquiring a driver's license varies based on your age. For ages 18-20, it's \$5; ages 21-68, it's \$30; ages 69-80, it's \$5; ages 81-86, it's \$2; and for those aged 87 and older, it's free. These prices are subject to change and should be verified with the Illinois Secretary of State's office. In Illinois, the minimum age for obtaining a driver's license is 16 years. However, those aged 15 can obtain a learner's permit, allowing them to drive with a licensed adult. Before getting a license, they must complete a state-approved driver education course and have had their learner's permit for at least nine months. When applying for a driver's license in Illinois, you'll need to provide documents proving your written signature, date of birth, social security number, residency, and legal presence in the U.S. This could include a birth certificate, social security card, passport, and utility bills or lease agreements with your current address. You can arrange a driving test in Illinois by visiting the Illinois Secretary of State's website and scheduling an appointment at your nearest Driver Services Facility. You can also call the facility directly to schedule your road test. Remember to bring your learner's permit and completed driving log to the appointment. In Illinois, to get a learner's permit you must be at least 15 years old. First, enroll in a state-approved driver's education course. Then, visit a Driver Services Facility with a parent or guardian, bring identification documents, and pass the vision and written tests. Finally, pay the required fee. The permit is valid for up to 2 years. In Illinois, before taking the driving test, learners under 18 must complete at least 50 hours of practice driving with a responsible adult over 21 who has a valid driver's license. This should include at least 10 hours of night driving. These hours are in addition to any instruction received in a driver education course. To prepare for the driving test in Illinois, study the rules of the road and practice driving under various conditions. Familiarize yourself with the vehicle you'll use for the test, including its controls and operations. Practice parallel parking, three-point turns, and stopping and starting on hills. Finally, take a good rest before the test day to ensure you're alert and focused. Common errors to avoid during a driving test include not checking mirrors frequently, failing to signal, poor steering control, incorrect positioning on the road, lack of observation at junctions and roundabouts, not maintaining a safe following distance, and inability to perform maneuvers such as parallel parking or three-point turns. Additionally, avoid breaking traffic rules and stay calm throughout the test. Yes, in Illinois, you are allowed to use your personal car for the driving test. However, the vehicle must be in good working order, with all necessary safety features operational. This includes functioning brake lights, turn signals, mirrors, and seat belts. Additionally, the vehicle must be properly insured and registered. If you don't pass your driving test in Illinois, you'll need to wait at least seven days before retaking it. You can retake the test three times within one year. If you fail three times, you'll need to wait at least a month before your next attempt. Remember, each test may incur additional fees. Practice and preparation are key to passing. Yes, Illinois has a Graduated Driver Licensing (GDL) program for new drivers under 21. It includes restrictions like curfews, passenger limitations, and cell phone usage prohibition. For the first 12 months or until the driver turns 18, only one passenger under 20 is allowed (unless they're siblings). All occupants must wear seatbelts and driving is prohibited between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. on weekdays and between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. on weekends. No, you cannot apply for a driver's license online in Illinois. Applications must be made in person at a Secretary of State facility. You'll need to bring identification documents, pass the vision, written and driving tests, and pay the required fee. Remember to make an appointment in advance as many facilities require it due to COVID-19 precautions. While Illinois' learner's permit is generally recognized in other states, driving regulations can vary. It's crucial to check with the specific state's driving laws before you travel. Keep in mind, you must always follow the restrictions of your permit, such as having a licensed adult in the car, regardless of where you're driving. In Illinois, a driver's license for individuals under the age of 21 expires three months after their 21st birthday. For those 21 to 80, the license is valid for four years and expires on the driver's birthday. For ages 81 to 86, it's valid for two years. For those 87 and older, it's valid for one year. Yes, in Illinois, eligible drivers can renew their licenses online. However, not everyone qualifies for online renewal. You must receive a notice from the Illinois Secretary of State's office that you are eligible for online renewal. If you don't get this notice or have specific restrictions, you'll need to renew in person. Always check your eligibility first. International students or foreign residents in Illinois must first obtain a Social Security Number (SSN) or a letter of ineligibility. After that, they must pass written and road tests at a Driver Services Facility. Documentation of legal status, written signature, date of birth, and residency must be provided. Also, they need to pay the appropriate fee. A driver's license in Illinois allows you to operate a vehicle independently at any time, whereas a learner's permit allows you to drive only under the supervision of a licensed adult. Additionally, permit holders must complete a certain number of supervised driving hours before qualifying for a driver's license. The age requirements for obtaining these documents also differ. Yes, in Illinois, applicants for a driver's license must pass a vision test. The minimum requirement is 20/40 acuity in one or both eyes, with or without corrective lenses. Additionally, applicants must have at least 140 degrees of peripheral vision. If you use corrective lenses during the test, a restriction will be placed on your license requiring their use while driving. Yes, you can use a rental car for the driving test in Illinois, but there are certain conditions. The person taking the test must be listed as an authorized driver on the rental agreement. Plus, the vehicle should meet all safety requirements, have current registration and proof of insurance. It's advisable to check with the rental company beforehand to ensure compliance with their policies. In Illinois, if you fail the driving test, you must wait for seven days before you can reattempt it. This waiting period allows the applicant to have additional practice and improve their driving skills. Remember, preparation is key to successfully passing the driving test. To take the DMV written test in Illinois, you need to provide proof of identity, residency, and signature. This can include a valid passport or birth certificate, a utility bill or lease agreement, and a credit card or bank statement. If you're under 18, you'll also need a parental consent form. Additionally, Social Security Number is required for verification purposes. Yes, the Illinois DMV written test can be taken in several languages other than English. These include Spanish, Polish, Korean, Chinese, and Arabic among others. Additionally, if you need assistance due to language barriers or disabilities, you can request for an interpreter or other accommodations at the DMV office. If you don't pass the Illinois DMV written test on your first attempt, you can retake it. However, there's a mandatory waiting period of one day before you can try again. If you fail the test three times, you'll need to pay a retesting fee. It's recommended to study the Illinois Rules of The Road manual thoroughly before retaking the test. In Illinois, if you fail the DMV written test, you must wait until the next day before you can retake it. This one-day waiting period gives you time to review and study the Illinois Rules of The Road manual to better prepare for your next attempt. Make sure to focus on areas where you struggled. Ready to start driving without supervision? All of your work and practice up until now culminates in the Illinois Driving Test (or DRT). The process doesn't have to be nearly as stressful as it seems. What Is the Illinois Road Test? The Illinois Driving Road Test is designed to test your competence in driving on the road. The test focuses on driving laws and safety regulations featured in your Illinois Rules of the Road Handbook. How Does the Illinois Driving Test Work? The road test consists of two phases: First, you demonstrate that your test vehicle is in working order along with your knowledge of its parts. Then you have the 10-20 minute drive, where your examiner will observe you driving, parking, and how you handle various driving situations. For example: If you come to a complete stop at stop signs! you recognise and follow road signs and lane markings! you practice safe driving tactics when changing lanes and merging with traffic! And more. Before Your Road Test Depending on your age, you have certain criteria to complete before you can take your Illinois road test. If You Are Under 18 If you can't bring a parent or guardian with you, you'll need their signature on the 'Consent to Drive' form. When you apply for your license and driving exam, you should bring the following: Your Instruction Permit/Consent to Drive Form signed by a parent or guardian. It must be notarized if not signed at the testing site. Cooperative Driver Testing Certificate 50-hour driving log signed by your supervising licensed driver. A licensed driver to take you to and from the site, and an insured and registered vehicle for the test. If You Are Over 18 If you are 18 to 20 years old, you do not need a signed form or 50 hours of practice. However, you do need to complete a state-certified Driver's Ed course before you're allowed to take your test if you did not take Driver's education prior to turning 18. If you are over 21, you will not need to take a Driver's education course. However, it is still a good idea to do so. It will give you the critical knowledge you need to be a safe driver and pass your exams. How to Prepare for the Illinois Driving Road Test Study the Manual Collect Your Paperwork Make Sure Your Car Functions Bring Proof of Insurance Practice Driving at the SOS Site 1. Study the Manual One of the most effective things you can do is study the Illinois manual thoroughly, especially the parts about signs and signals and their meanings. Make sure to give yourself plenty of time to master all the concepts before taking the road test. Cramming or skimming the material is a good way to forget vital details on the road! Make sure to take advantage of online practice tests and programs made to ensure you mastered the material. 2. Collect Your Paperwork In addition to the qualifiers we listed earlier, you will need to bring proof of name, birthdate, social security number, and residency. You can bring the items before. Everything must be original. No photocopies. Part 1: Proof of Signature A Canceled Check Cooperative Driver Testing Certificate Social Security Card Part 2: Proof of Social Security Number Social Security Card Illinois State ID Pay Stub Part 3: Proof of Date of Birth Original Birth Certificate Adoption Records State ID Part 4: Proof of Residency Bank Statement Certified School Transcript State ID 3. Make Sure Your Car Functions Make sure all these things are fully functioning. Any of these things failing to work will invalidate the vehicle for the driving test. It also needs to be clean, and with no cracks or obstructions in your windshield or mirrors. Brakes Headlights Tail lights Turn Signals License Plate Light (White) Parking Lights Safety Belts Mirrors Windows Wipers Horn Muffler Bumper 4. Bring Proof of Insurance You will have to bring proof of ownership and proof of insurance for the vehicle that you intend on taking the driving test in. If you bring a rental car, make sure the contract lists that you are approved to take a road test in it. 5. Practice Driving at the SOS Site Illinois is one of the few states that lets you practice in their testing area ahead of time. When you can, take a few minutes to explore and get a feel for the driving environment. Practice driving, if you have the appropriate permit, so you will be ready for the real thing! On the Day of the Driving Test You can only take your road test at designated Secretary of State facilities, also known as SOS sites. You should aim to get to one early and choose one that's convenient for you. Unfortunately, you can't schedule a driving test in advance. Make sure to plan for lines and processing times accordingly. What Will Be Tested on the Illinois Road Test? The driving exam tests multiple aspects of a driver's capability to perform standard maneuvers, such as checking all the instruments and making any necessary adjustments before driving. You will also be expected to complete the following maneuvers: Back the vehicle straight and slow for at least 50 feet. Turn your head to look behind you. Don't use the mirrors alone! Perform a turnabout. Make sure you signal and stay on your side of the road. Merge with traffic Park uphill and downhill on the side of the road. Start uphill and downhill from a parked position. Control the vehicle and obey all signals, signs, and markings. What Happens After the Exam? Once you pass the driving road test, you will be issued a temporary paper license. You will get your Illinois driver's license in the mail in about 15 days! If you fail, you can try again as early as the next day, but we recommend taking some time to study first. Be careful, you can only fail three times before you have to start the process over again, including any paid fees and fines. Eager to make sure you pass on your first try? Take advantage of Zutobi's Driver Practice Exams! Our course and practice tests are created by education specialists to help you memorize everything you'll see on the road. In addition to alcohol and marijuana, many prescription and nonprescription drugs impair safe driving. It is illegal to operate a motor vehicle on Illinois highways with any trace of a controlled drug, substance or intoxicating compounds in your blood. These drugs include but are not limited to: antihistamines, cold remedies, pain relievers, mood-changing drugs, hashish, LSD, heroin, cocaine, morphine, amphetamines (pep pills) and methamphetamine. What You Should Know Number of questions on exam: Traffic signs: 15 Traffic laws and safe driving: 20 Total: 35 Passing score: 80 percent Correct answers to pass: 28 Allotted time to complete test: No limit Wait time before retest: 1 day This Practice Test Number of questions on each practice test: Traffic rules: 20 Question pool: 500+ Each test is random This practice test is a learning tool. Each test has 20 questions about Illinois safety rules and traffic laws. You will find all answers in the Illinois handbook "Rules of the Road." Many questions are from the official written examination. After each practice question, the test will show you whether your answer is correct. If you miss a question, there is also a brief explanation. Read the feedback and focus on why you missed the question. Did you misunderstand, or didn't you know the answer? Always compare the answer with the information in the handbook; it is a simple way of learning faster. The Illinois knowledge examination consists of two parts. This is the second part. The first part of the test addresses common road signs. You can find a random practice test with all signs here: Illinois Road Signs Recognition Test - 15 Questions Before you start, you should have the following: The latest version of "Rules of the Road." Get it from a licensing office or online. The Parent-Teen Guide if you are applying for a permit. A parent or other licensed driver to discuss rules and safe driving with. If you follow these steps, you will learn more efficiently. Read more about the best way to study here. Best Way to Study. When you understand the contents of "Rules of the Road," take several sample tests to check how much you have learned. The test score also tells you whether you are ready for the examination. The official passing score in Illinois is 80 percent, but you should aim higher on a practice test. Try to complete all of the questions on each sample test. Go back to the study guide for each question you miss. Compare answers with the information in the booklet. All new drivers applying for an original Illinois Driver's License or Instruction Permit must pass the written knowledge exam. If you have an out-of-country driver's license, you must pass the vision exam, the written knowledge exam, and usually also the road skills test. Unlike the rules in many other states, you must also take the knowledge test if you have a valid license from another state. The road skills test is, however, waived in most cases. Drivers must also take a written exam every eight years unless they have a clean driving record with no traffic convictions. If you have a traffic crash or other moving violation on your driving record, the Secretary of State can also ask you to take the written exam again. Should you let your Illinois driver's license expire more than a year, you must retake all tests. You must also retake all tests if the state has revoked your license. During the written test, you must identify traffic signs by shape, color, or symbol, identify signals and pavement markings, and answer questions about traffic laws and safety rules. You should expect questions from all parts of the handbook. You cannot use books, papers, cell phones, or other wireless devices during the test. If DMV staff observe a suspicious situation during the test, they will warn the applicant. If the applicant is cheating, they will fail that portion of the exam. The applicant must wait 30 days before they can retake the test. Taking the exam for another person is a criminal offense. It may result in a fine and a minimum of seven days in jail. Should you fail the test, you can generally retake it the next day. If you have more than eight errors, you should wait and study both the "Rules of the Road" and the practice tests again. The more you study, the more likely you are to pass. You have three attempts to pass the knowledge test, counting from the day you applied for the permit and paid the application fee. After passing the vision and knowledge tests as a new applicant, the examiner issues a temporary instruction permit. A temporary instruction permit is the first step in the Graduated Driver Licensing (GDL) Program for teenagers. The GDL Program aims to let drivers between 15 - 20 years pass three progressive stages toward full-driving privileges. Teen drivers must earn the right to move from one phase to the next based on experience and driving behavior. With an instruction permit, you may start driving together with a parent or any adult who is 21 years or older, holds a valid driver's license, and has at least one year of driving experience. The permit is valid for two years if you are under 18 (one year if you are 18 or older). The instruction permit comes with the following restrictions: A permit holder cannot drive Sunday-Thursday between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. and Friday-Saturday between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. (local ordinances can set different curfews). The number of passengers in the vehicle is limited to one in the front seat and the number of safety belts in the back seat. Permit holders under 19 years cannot use any wireless/cellphone use while driving, including hands-free devices. An exemption exists to contact a law enforcement agency, health care provider, or emergency services agency in the case of an emergency. Before you can move on to phase II, you must: Before moving on to the next step, you must hold the instruction permit for at least nine months. During the permit phase, you must practice driving with a supervising driver for at least 50 hours, of which 10 hours must be at night. The 50 hours are in addition to any time spent behind the wheel with a driving instructor. It is a good idea to keep a log of your driving practice, even if you don't have to show this log when applying for your provisional license. However, a parent or legal guardian must certify that you have completed a minimum of 50 hours of practice driving. To obtain court supervision for a traffic violation, a driver must appear in court with a parent/legal guardian and attend a traffic safety school. Limit one court supervision for serious driving offenses. After a moving violation, there is an additional nine-month waiting period before you can apply for a driver's license. If you violated the law and did not have a permit, you must wait until you are 18 before applying for a license. If you violate the night curfew, the Department will suspend your permit. To be eligible for phase II in the GDL program, a driver under 18 must have completed a state-approved driver education course. Applicants between 18 and 20 years may complete a six-hour Adult Driver Education course instead. A parent or legal guardian must certify that you have completed at least 50 hours of practice driving, including 10 hours at night. You must have held your permit for at least nine months. With a provisional license, you may drive without a supervising driver, but the license still has some restrictions. You cannot drive Sunday-Thursday between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. and Friday-Saturday between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. Exemptions in the law allow you to drive to and from employment or school-sanctioned activities during curfew hours. You may also drive if accompanied by a parent or legal guardian. For the first 12 months or until you turn 18, whichever occurs first, the number of passengers is limited to one person under 20 years. A sibling, stepsibling, child, or stepchild of the driver does not count towards this limit. After 12 months, or when you turn 18, the number of passengers is limited to one in the front seat and the number of safety belts in the back seat. All cellphone/wireless use while driving, including a hands-free device, is prohibited if you are under 19 years and not in an emergency. Suppose you are guilty of a moving violation within the first year of licensing. In that case, the passenger limitation extends for six months. Two moving violation convictions within 24 months will result in a minimum one-month license suspension. If the Secretary of State suspends your license, you may be retested and must pay a \$70 reinstatement fee. If you violate the nighttime driving restriction, the DMV can suspend your driving privileges. The Illinois written knowledge test for an instruction permit has 35 questions. 15 question address common road signs and the remaining 20 questions deal with safety rules and common traffic laws. The failure rate on the Illinois written test is less than 10 %. The first part with traffic sign identification (15 questions) is considered very easy and the second part about road rules is graded easy. You must be at least 15 years old to apply for a learner's permit or instruction permit in Illinois. In Illinois, all new drivers, regardless of age, must obtain an instruction permit to practice supervised driving before they can take the driving (road) test for a driver's license. The requirements for obtaining an instruction permit include being at least 15 years old, passing a vision test, and passing an official knowledge (written) test on driving theory. (You must take the written knowledge test at a DMV facility, not online.) If you're under 18, you must also obtain consent from a parent or guardian and submit proof of high school enrollment or graduation. If you are younger than 17 years and 3 months, you must also be enrolled in, or 30 days before active participation in, an approved driver education course. The knowledge test has 35 multiple-choice questions based on the official driver's manual (Illinois DMV Handbook (IL Driver's Manual) 2025). The passing score is 80%. This is our fourth Illinois Permit Practice Test. Like our first three permit practice tests, it was designed to help aspiring drivers like you pass the DMV written test. These practice tests are also based on the official Illinois driver's manual. All practice questions are multiple choice. You must choose the best or most complete answer for each question. Our AI assistant can help you with any practice question. It can rephrase the question, supply a hint, or answer your own questions about driving. If you still miss the question, the AI assistant will immediately tell you and provide an explanation of the correct answer. Looking for a PDF list of the exact questions (with answers) you'll encounter on your knowledge (permit) test? To assemble the questions for a knowledge test, the DMV draws questions randomly from a large database of candidate questions, so even Nostradamus might be unable to predict the exact questions you'll face. However, our tools can give you a good idea of what to expect. Our practice test questions have proven pretty close to the official written test questions. In addition, we've created two PDF "cheat sheets" (though they're not for actual cheating!): "The Top 100 Most Common US DMV Questions" and "The 121 Most Common US Road Signs Questions." You will likely encounter at least some of these questions on your written knowledge test. The correct answer is provided for each question listed. These cheat sheets are excellent preparation for the official written test. Please download them and study and memorize the listed questions and answers.